

The Manchester Journal.

THURSDAY FEB. 7, 1878.

Standing Mathews declares in an interview that should the Presidential vote be split, the Democratic party in the west, south and east, with possibly the exception of New York, Connecticut and New Jersey, would go into the next Presidential campaign with the political capital of the defeat of the popular vote by the republican administration, and with this battle cry would march to victory with an overwhelming majority.

Secretary Sherman declares the statement that he had given Wells of Louisiana a guarantee against prosecution is "mere bluff." Personally he would like to assist the returning board but is deterred from so doing in an official way. He regards their arrest as ill-advised and likely to produce the worst results. It is in direct hostility to the line marked out by Nichols and the more conservative and respectable people of Louisiana.

Thomas H. Benton used to say, a man with a gold dollar in his pocket has that much positive value, representing so much labor, so much food, so much clothing or other property. He may fall down a steep place and be killed, and years after, if his bones are found, the remains will be worth the gold dollar that fell with him. But the man who has a paper promise to pay has that which depends for value on the action of a board of directors or of a government over which he has no control, and may be worth fifty cents, forty cents, or may be worthless.

An analysis of the vote on the Matthews silver resolution shows that for the resolution there were 23 Democrats, 19 Republicans and one Independent (Davis of Illinois); against it, 15 Republicans and 7 Democrats. One additional vote would have given it a two-thirds majority. There were four pairs; two absentees not paired (Sharon and Ingalls), and one dodger (Kellogg). If all the Senators had been present, and Sharon, Ingalls and Kellogg had voted in favor of silver, there would have been 50 in the affirmative and 20 in the negative.

The Herald's Washington dispatch thus speaks for President Hayes:—"The administration does not trouble itself about the members of the Louisiana returning board. The President holds his place by the decision of the electoral commission and not by any frauds which may have been committed in Louisiana. If wrong was done there he will not protect the wrong-doers nor seek to stand between them and exposure and punishment for their crime. The concealment of wrong-doing might embarrass him. Its discovery and punishment certainly would not."

The terms of agreement between Russia and Turkey have been signed by the representatives of the two powers, but certain questions are left open to be settled by a conference of European powers. These questions are of great interest, and there is a strong disposition to refuse the demands of Russia, especially on the part of England and Austria, so there is still some danger of a further contest with arms.

There is a strong disposition in Congress to lessen the duties on many articles of import, and also to revive the income tax. Both measures are calculated to place more of the burden of Government on the wealthy class and relieve the poorer classes. Perhaps something of advantage might be done in this direction, but there cannot be any permanent prosperity while there is any serious contest between different classes in society. Such a state of affairs would destroy confidence which is the very foundation of business prosperity.

The North Carolina coast is fatal. The United States steamer "Huron" was lost at Kitty Hawk, on the morning of November 24. Thursday, the steamship "Metropolis" with workmen and railroad iron, from Philadelphia for Brazil, went ashore near Currituck light house, about twenty miles north of Kitty Hawk. The inflated vessel was caught in the storm of Thursday, and had on board 318 persons, part of whom swam ashore. The vessel is a total loss. It is probable that one hundred lost their lives. No assistance was rendered by the life-saving service. The service seems to be worthless on this dangerous coast.

Edmonds, of Vermont, the strongest head in either branch of Congress, was never yet worsted in debate, and probably never will be. The best men in the Senate know him too well ever to have any words with him. The steady growth in the power and influence of Senator Edmonds is one of the few gratifying things that are noticeable now-a-days in Congress. Whether or not he will be the ablest man in Congress—as I think him to be—he is certainly the ablest legislator, and exerts an influence which makes him a much greater man than the country knows him to be. Whatever power he has

gained is his by the purest of titles. If he knows any of the art of popularity, he does not cultivate them. A newspaper puff of Edmonds of Vermont never gets itself written by his consent. I could pick out a hundred men in Congress to-day whose collective wisdom and usefulness does not equal that of this man from the Green Mountains. He is a standing protest in the Senate against cant and fraud and hypocrisy.—[Washington Correspondent Boston Herald.]

The table comparing the condition of the National Treasury a year ago with its condition on Friday last has several interesting points. It shows an aggregate gain in coin of \$40,000,000, and a net gain in the amount held free from outstanding liabilities of over \$54,000,000. The coin in the Treasury, added to that held by the New York banks, reaches a total of nearly \$100,000,000. The outstanding legal tenders have been diminished \$15,800,000 during the year, while the amount of silver coin in circulation has been increased \$11,000,000. During the past seven months of the current fiscal year, the payment of the public debt has been at the average rate of two and a quarter millions a month, against less than one million and a quarter during the corresponding period of the last fiscal year. The value of our imports was \$53,000,000 greater in 1877 than in 1876, and of our exports \$30,000,000 greater, leaving, however, a trade balance in favor of the United States of \$140,000,000.

Our Minister to Mexico, Mr. Foster, is not averse to being interviewed on other than diplomatic subjects, and he has taken occasion to talk some very sound sense to his Indiana friends on the subject of silver. He describes, from personal observation, the evils which have attended the effort to use silver as a legal-tender currency in Mexico. That country has much the same excuses for this policy that could be pleaded in behalf of the United States. It is silver-producing country; it is poor; its currency is greatly in need of some magic element to make it efficient and attractive. But though the silver dollar is worth more than the dollar of our fathers, it has been found impossible in Mexico to keep gold and silver in circulation together, and the attempt has left the country with only silver for currency, and this has been found to the last degree clumsy, inconvenient, and expensive.

THE LOUISIANA RETURNING BOARD. The members of the late returning board of Louisiana are all under indictment for falsifying returns, and one of them is now on trial. It seems to be the fixed purpose of the Democratic politicians to convict these men, so we may as well make up our minds to it first as last. There seems to be a lingering hope in the minds of a great many people that if these men are convicted it will throw discredit on the election of President Hayes, and people everywhere wonder why the administration does not step in and protect these men. But in the first place, Hayes does not hold his place by virtue of any decision which a state court may make. He was declared elected by both houses of Congress, and whether their action was based on false information or not, it cannot now be undone or set aside without a revolution and bloodshed. In the second place, the administration has no right to interfere in the trial going on. If the members of the returning board made false returns, they offended a wholesome state law, and should be tried and punished by a state court, though it is possible their cases may come before the U. S. courts on appeal. We have no faith that they can have a fair trial under existing circumstances. It looks very much like political persecution and bad faith on the part of the leaders in Louisiana. There was no set bargain made, but when President Hayes withdrew the troops and allowed the Nichols government to come into power it was expected by all parties that by-gones should be bygones, the hatchet buried and everybody should work for the peace and prosperity of the state. But the difficulty in that state, as well as in South Carolina and two or three other states, is that the majority of voters are Negroes who, if they had white Republican leaders and dared to vote as they pleased, would be quite likely to vote against the Democrats. Hence in these states there is a fixed determination that there shall not be any white Republican leaders. It does not require much of a ghost to frighten the average African so that he will abstain from voting. In the elections held this year, very few Negroes have voted at all, and there has been, practically, no opposition. The Democratic leaders are bound to fix things so that this will continue to be the case.

Q. Edward Morgan has been appointed postmaster at Bellows Falls, in place of Col. R. Hyde. Fifty years ago on the 30th of March the Vermont Mutual Fire Insurance Company issued its first policy. Will R. Page of Rutland will represent the Howe Sash Company at the Paris Exposition. Martin G. Everett of Rutland has ordered a lot of 200 migratory quails to be turned out in Middlebury. Patrick Lynch's house at Bennington was burned the 24th, the family narrowly escaping. Loss, \$1500; partially insured. In one day, recently, the Rutland ex-

press bank received \$12,000 in deposits—the largest ever known before in the same time. Mrs. S. M. Perkins, wife of Rev. O. Perkins, formerly of Wilmington, has been settled over the Universalist Church at West Concord. Members of the state fish and game society in Rutland and vicinity are raising money to buy a number of deer, to be turned loose on the mountains. Two thousand four hundred and eighty-eight car loads of cattle passed over the Central road from the first of last April to the first day of the present month. On a recent Sunday, the Rev. George Porter of Townshend, in accordance with previous notice, preached a sermon to children, in which there was not a single word of more than one syllable. A crazy man recently visited H. C. Cleveland of Coventry, turned all his dogs out doors and made agricultural pursuits tolerably lively around the barn for a few moments. Greeny bachelors made so much fuss because the Pawlet young folks coasted down Meeting-house hill on moonlight evenings, that a public meeting was called to consider the grave question, and the old fogies were beaten. A novel feature of the eternal punishment discussion was the jumping up of a Ludlow Irishman in church the other evening to protest against the clergyman's description of hell. Wm. B. Strong, a native of Orleans County, has been appointed Superintendent of the Atchison, Santa Fe and Topeka railroad, with a salary of \$15,000 per year. Vergennes has a small work-house, which provides labor for the unemployed and those who are passing through the country asking for help. These persons are giving employment at eighty cents per day. All tramps who want assistance are required to earn their bread before they can have it. An owl was shot near Burlington some six weeks since upon one of whose legs was a steel trap and two feet of chain. The trap and chain are now claimed by a man in Hinsdale, N. H., who has proven property. He says the trap was set some five weeks previous to the shooting of the owl, in his house, to catch some unknown animal who was killing and carrying off his chickens. The owl must have travelled the 100 miles between the two places in the two weeks. The Free Press says:—A school m'am over at Hyde Park undertook to break her pupils of the baleful habit of using tobacco by stepping up a number of old pipes and giving some of the elegant reliquium to those detected in nicotine indulgence—a dose unvalued, we believe, since Mrs. Squeers' administration of stomach comfort in the shape of brimstone and treacle to the hapless inmates of Dotheboys' Hall. It made the little boys very sick and their parents very mad, and the usefulness of the school is naturally somewhat impaired.

NEWS ITEMS. The tea front at Rockaway, is a scene of desolation; the damage by the gale is estimated at \$30,000. The opponents of Tammany at a secret meeting, Saturday evening, resolved not to form a permanent organization until 150 leading politicians and democratic merchants, were on the rolls. A proposition is being seriously considered to dam the Arkansas and Platte rivers, and thus turn the waters into the great desert in the western part of Kansas and Nebraska, whence, by tapping the artificial lake, streams may be secured for irrigating purposes. Arrangements have been made by which the secretary of the treasury will receive payment of subscription to the four per cent in coin or currency checks drawn on banks or bankers in New York. Currency checks will be converted into coin at currency rates, without expense, and any excess returned. Edward Fowler, trustee of the church family of Shakers died at Mount Lebanon last Thursday night. He was one of the most prominent members of the Shaker fraternity. The silver miners are reported to be distributing \$500,000 in the east to obtain the support of speakers and writers. Meanwhile the miners are keeping production down to maintain the market price of the metal. The three flouring mills in operation at Red Wing, Minn., consume 6,000 bushels of wheat daily, from which 1,200 barrels of flour are made; at that rate in one year they will consume 1,800,000 bushels of wheat and put up 360,000 barrels of flour. Attorney Gen. Devens does not expect any trouble from the arrests made in New Orleans. He did not think the custom house should be used as a refuge against the service of criminal process; it is a matter in which the federal government cannot interfere. His action was taken promptly without consultation with the president. The commissioners of the Kansas state school and sinking funds telegraphed from Topeka to the secretary of the treasury at Washington, stating that they wished to subscribe for \$200,000 of the United States 3 per cent. funded loan. The marriage of King Alfonso took place the 23d, in the Atocha Cathedral, at Madrid, with great splendor. Among those present were Queen Christina and King Francisco, the King's grandmother and grandfather, several Ambassadors from France, Austria, Russia and England, the Apostolic delegate, the Count and Countess of Paris, Senators, Deputies and other dignitaries. The Pope, who is the King's godfather, sent by the Apostolic delegate a wedding ring blessed by his Holiness, and a rose of diamonds for the Queen. Cigarette smoking is indulged in by many young women and school girls in New York. The thumbs and forefingers of a class in a young ladies' school were examined the other day, and only two were found to be without tobacco stains. John Morrissey, who has been so dangerously sick at Jacksonville, Fla., is improving rapidly and apparently is going to fully recover. He expects to get back to New York and his legislative duties about March 1.

THE ESTABLISHED REPUTATION OF HUNT'S REMEDY, which has been before the public 35 years, is a guarantee of its curative properties. HUNT'S REMEDY cures Bright's Disease, Dropsy, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, and Complaints of the Urino-Genital Organs. HUNT'S REMEDY cures Dropsy, and all Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs.

CLARK'S TOOTH ACHIE DROPS cure instantly.

CATARRH

Never Failing Relief AFFORDED BY SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE.

It is a fact that can be substantiated by the most respectable testimony ever offered in favor of any proprietary medicine, that the Radical Cure for Catarrh does actually cure and afford relief, no matter how long standing, or how severe the disease, the first dose gives such evidence of its value in the treatment of Catarrh of the bladder, that it is at once felt its ability to do all that is claimed for it. The testimony of physicians, druggists and patients is unanimous in this respect, and the accumulating evidence is in point of respectability superior to any ever before obtained in favor of a popular remedy. The proprietors, therefore, may justly feel proud of the position the Radical Cure has attained, and believe it worthy of its reputation.

10 Years a Sufferer. HON. THOMAS P. BURGESS, Bristol, R. I.

Years WEEKS POTTER'S GENIUM.—Feeling thoroughly convinced of the efficacy of Sanford's Radical Cure for Catarrh, I am induced to drop you a line to say that although I have been afflicted with all the symptoms advertised as radical cures, I have never found anything that promises such relief and ultimate cure as that of Sanford's.

I have been afflicted with this dreadful disease for more than ten years, and not until recently could I be induced to persevere with any one of the letters of Mr. Henry Wells, and can truthfully say that after using five or six bottles of the Radical Cure, I am now free from all my troubles. Hoping that others similarly afflicted, like me, will be induced to make the trial, I am, gentlemen, very truly, etc.

THOMAS P. BURGESS. PATENT, R. I., July 24th, 1877.

CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS,

Such as Sore, Weak, Inflamed, Red, and Watery Eyes; irritation and inflammation of the ear; ringing noises in the head; sore throat; inflammation of the vocal and uvula; Nerve pain, headache, neuralgia, distressing clonic memory, nervousness, and all the various symptoms of all catarrhs and scientifically treated with this remedy according to directions which accompany each bottle, or will be mailed to any address on receipt of stamp.

Each package contains Dr. Sanford's improved Catarrhal Tube, with full directions for use in all cases of Catarrh. Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canada. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

COLLIN'S VOLTAGE PLASTER

Affords the most grateful relief in rheumatism, weak spine, local pains, nervous affections, local hemorrhages, inflammation, nervous pain, affections of the kidneys, fractured ribs, affections of the chest, colds and coughs, injuries of the back, sprains and bruises, was lack, nervous pain of the bowels, cramp in the stomach and limbs, heart affections, enlarged spleen, bruises, and punctures, rheumatism of the wrist and arm, sciatica, neuralgia, and all the various pains in the chest, side, in the back, pain in the hip, various cramp pains, crick in the back and neck, pain and weakness in side and back, lumbago, sore throat, lumbago, whooping cough, sharp pains in the breast, heart disease, quincy, diabetes, and for lameness in any part of the body.

Price 25 Cents. Ask for Collins' Voltage Plaster. Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canada, and by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass. 25-35 (10-35)

Save an Extra Dollar by buying your Flour at Ames'.

200 Barrels of Choice White, XXX Michigan Flour Just Received, and will be sold at

\$7 00 per Barrel, At AMES', Factory Point, Vermont.

Price List

\$3 00 for Pure Gum Rubber Boots. \$2 50 for Good Rubber Boots. 25 cts. per gallon for Best Kerosene. 40 cts. per gallon for Best Jap Tea. 5 to 6 cents per yard for Best Prints. 15 cents for Turkey Island Salt. Good Tea, 20 cents. Soap per bar 7 cents. Splendid Flour \$6 50. Gents Vests \$1 00. Gents Pants \$1 50 to \$2 00. Heavy Bed Ticking 10 cts. per yard. Best Lard 10 cts. per pound. Shirting Flannel 12 1/2 to 25 cents for Best. Molasses, 50 cts. Syrup, 65 cts. Chewing Tobacco, 60 cents. Ladies Rubbers 38 cents. Cheviot Shirting 10 cents. Best Raisins 12 1/2 cents. Crockery and Glassware, at cost. Canton Flannel 10 cts per yard. Nice Bleached Cotton 6 cts. per yard. Splendid Broome 20 to 25 cents. Cloth and Cassimeres, at cost. Hats, and Caps, at cost. Mens Heavy Boots, Tap Sole \$2 25. Mens Heavy Boots, Best \$2 40. Hams, Pork, Fish, &c. All at bottom cost prices, for cash only. Come soon, don't delay. E. M. PRATT, Manchester Depot, Vt. J. C. Blackmer's Old Stand. 37

25 Double Blanket Shawls, 30 Single Wool Shawls, Children's Shawls. A few pieces of Beaver and Chinchilla Cloakings, AT AMES'. Goods are selling cheaper than ever offered in town before at

NOW IS THE TIME TO GET BARGAINS IN WINTER GOODS.

The subscribers will have the advantage of choosing out a lot of winter goods at prices which will not fail to attract the attention of those buyers, consisting of

KNIT UNDERWEAR

FOR CHILDREN, YOUTH, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

Felt Skirts, Nubias, Mantles, Sea Frocks, Mullers, Leggings, Hoods, Hosiery, Gloves, CARDIGAN JACKETS.

FOR LADIES, GENTLEMEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN.

Flannel Shirts, Shirting Flannel, Wool Bed Blankets, SHAWLS.

Beaver Cloaking, Horse Blankets, Hosiery for Children, Which will be Sold Very Cheap.

We desire to call the attention of buyers of

HARDWARE

to this branch of our stock consisting in part of

Building Material.

Carpenter's Tools, Pocket and Table Cutlery, and other articles generally found in this line of all which will be sold on very small margins.

GONE & BURTON. Manchester, Vt., January 23d, 1878. 34-1

500 THOUSAND

GOOD

SPRUCE SHINGLES

FOR SALE BY BURTON & CO.,

FACTORY POINT, - VERMONT. 37-40w

All goods will be closed out At Cost or Less

At E. M. PRATT'S Manchester Depot, - Vermont.

GREAT

Closing out Sale

OF WINTER GOODS.

COMMENCED THIS DAY

BURTON & CO'S.

Factory Point, Vt., Jan. 21st, 1878. 37-2w

GRAND CLOSING OUT SALE

AT E. M. PRATT'S, Manchester Depot

EVERY DAY RIGHT ALONG, Come early and get your bargains.

Loving's New Million Dollar BOOK SALE.

THE GRAMMEL BOOK SALE—The world over has been a time for the sale of a Million of books for one dollar each, and an elegant present with every book, including pen, ink, and other articles, and select elegant articles all free. If you want a picture or card free, send for "Catalogue" of sale. Address A. W. LOVELL, 336 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

A BRIEF TREATISE ON PULMONARY DISEASES, WILL BE SENT FREE TO ALL APPLICANTS. ADDRESS, C. C. MOSEY, JR., in Corbridge St., New York.

MEN OR WOMEN

Wanting a Good Remedy for the Winter will receive a Free Copy of the book "The Winter Cure" by Dr. J. D. GUERNEY, Publisher, Concord, N. H. 34-4w

45 Cents 100, or 20 Cents 500, with name, 25 c. SPENCER & CO., New York, N. Y. (35-4w)

IRON IN THE BLOOD Is Nature's Own Vitalizer! PERUVIAN SYRUP. Peruvian Syrup.

A protected solution of the Ferrous salt of iron, or chemic iron, has the character of an aliment, as easily digested and assimilated with the blood as the simplest food. It increases the quantity of nature's own vitalizing agent, iron, in the blood, and cures a thousand ills, thereby restoring, invigorating and vitalizing the system. It is a powerful and valuable blood purifier, every part of the body, repairing damaged and weak, searching out morbid humors and leaving nothing for disease to feed upon.

For a Spring Medicine It has no equal. Stimulating without reaction, its effects are permanent, it differs in this respect from all astringent tonics.

PERUVIAN SYRUP. Peruvian Syrup.

Cures Dyspepsia, Debility, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Chronic Diarrhea, Nervous Affections, Chills and Fever, Boils, Humors, Loss of Constitutional Vigor, &c.

From a Well Known Writer. From Mrs. Mary Francis, well known as "Margaret Bonnet."

DEBILITY, Weakness, Woodstock, Vt., Oct. 6, 1878.

Seth W. Fowle & Sons: Gentlemen—Two years ago I commenced to take the Peruvian Syrup. I was in a deplorable state, through chronic dyspepsia and defective circulation of the blood. Three bottles of the Peruvian Syrup changed this to glowing, bounding health. I have a fine appetite, sleep soundly and can walk five miles easily without resting, or busy myself out of doors all day long without fatigue.

A lady cousin, who resides with me, took the syrup during her recovery from a serious illness of some weeks. She has been an invalid for years. Five bottles of the syrup have now built up her system that she now eats quite heartily, sleeps well and can walk three miles (in fine weather) without fatigue. I consider the medicine so invaluable to persons of sedentary habits, as to those who suffer from languor or low spirits, that I relate this personal experience of its effects to you, leaving you to make what use you please of my letter.

Yours, very respectfully, MARY FRANCIS.

PERUVIAN SYRUP. Peruvian Syrup.

From Chas. H. Colgate, Esq., Of the firm of Colgate & Co., Manufacturers of Flavoring Extracts, 21 Blackstone St., Boston.

SOMERVILLE, Mass., Dec. 6, 1878.

My dear Sir:—Last spring my little daughter, aged five, became very much prostrated with loss of appetite, and great prostration of strength, so much so that we were obliged to take her out of school. This condition of affairs, however, caused me much anxiety. After trying various remedies without effect, I purchased your Peruvian Syrup. After using it one week, we saw a marked improvement in the child's condition, and this month she was happily gaining in health and strength, her appetite being excellent. At this date she is perfectly well, with round, plump cheeks and healthy color, and is again attending school regularly. I cannot but attribute to health entirely due to the Peruvian Syrup, and feel that I cannot too highly recommend it as a food.

Very gratefully yours, CHAS. H. COLGATE.

PERUVIAN SYRUP. Peruvian Syrup.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, 88 Harrison Avenue, Boston, and sold by druggists generally. 121-18-4w(38)

JUST RECEIVED, A CAR LOAD

or XXX Family Flour.

Made from white winter wheat, which will be sold at an astonishing low figure by

E. M. PRATT, Manchester Depot, Blackmer's Old Stand.

E. W. COOK, Barnumville, or G. & J. C. BRADLEY, Sunderland.

Flour delivered at Manchester, Sunderland and Arlington free of charge. G. & J. C. BRADLEY, Sunderland, Vt., Feb. 5th, 1878. 28-

Cloths, Flannels, Prints, Cottons, Shirts, Drawers, &c., ALL CLOSING OUT AT COST, At E. M. PRATT'S Manchester Depot.

Large Stock of Men's Boy's and Youth's Boots at a great reduction.

\$2 00 buys a good pair of men's stog boots at Ames'.

Flour! Flour!

Before you buy, save money by calling for prices at

Marriages. In Paris, Jan. 22d, at the house of the bride by Rev. C. Beckwith, Augustus L. Perkins to Mrs. A. Woodworth of Paris. In Newburgh, Feb. 5, by Rev. Dr. Wadsworth, Mrs. George W. Jones, of Newburgh, to Miss Mary Brown, of Westhill.

Deaths. At Tom's River, New Jersey, Jan. 19th, 1878, daughter of Thomas Ryan, aged 21 years.

WANTS. A Gentleman, under this head, ten cents per line each insertion.

NOTICE.—A special meeting of the trustees of the State of Vermont will be held at the office of the State Auditor, in the City of Montpelier, on the 25th day of January, 1878, for the purpose of taking such action as the interest of the institution may require, in view of the petition of the President of the State of Vermont, signed by a large number of citizens, for the removal of the State Capitol to the City of Montpelier.

J. D. WICKHAM, President of the Board. Montpelier, Jan. 20th, 1878. 27-2w

NOTICE.—Having sold my business to J. M. Pratt, all persons indebted to me are requested to call and pay up without further notice. J. D. WICKHAM. Montpelier Depot, Vt., Aug. 1st, 1877.

FOR SALE.—At a Bargain, 18 Acres Land, House and Barn, Shop for the Manufacture of Wooden Ware. Half mile from Post Office at Factory Point and Manchester. House and land separate from the shop if desired. DEXTER PIERCE, Manchester, Jan. 30th, 1878. 27-1 w

FOR SALE LOW, A NEW CUTTER or will exchange for wood or lumber, at E. M. PRATT'S, Manchester Depot, Vermont.

25 Dozen Ladies Vests and Pants, at a great reduction from former prices, AT AMES'.

GOOD BUSINESS FOR SALE. Wanting to engage in other business the subscribers offer for sale their

Butchering Business. Slaughter House, Hog House, Hen House and Wagon Shed, with fixtures for carrying on the business, all new and in complete order. Also one of the best

CUSTOM ROUTES in the state, including the

SUPPLYING OF THE SUMMER HOTELS, which about takes a fine business. Terms made easy. Inquire by mail on in person of BURDARD & HOPKINS, Manchester, Vt., Jan. 22d, 1878. 26-4t

LARGE STOCK OF Gents Knit Goods.

\$1 00 Buys 3 Pairs Men's Drawers, or Three Shirts, AT AMES'.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CLOTHING,

Selling at Cost or Less at E. M. PRATT'S, Manchester Depot, Vermont.

Fur Caps. HALF PRICE FOR LADIES

And Children's Furs at E. M. PRATT'S, Manchester Depot, Vt.

RUBBER GOODS. \$2 00 for best pure gum rubber boots, \$2 40 for best common rubber boots,

AT AMES'. \$1 00 Buys 5 Pounds Best Yellow Sugar.

\$1 00 Buys 11 pounds of a sugar, AT AMES'.

D. D. BOURN'S FURNITURE STORE.

GOODS ALL NEW. Selected 5th great care, and sold

CHEAP FOR CASH. Goods delivered free to all reasonable distances.

Blackmer's New Building, MANCHESTER DEPOT, VT. 19-2w

CLARISSA KINNEY'S Estate. Estate of Vermont, District of Manchester, ss. In Probate Court, held at Manchester, within and for said district of Manchester, on the 25th day of January, A. D. 1878.

Present, Hon. E. B. Burton, Judge. An instrument, purporting to be the last will and testament of Clarissa Kinney, late of Bennington, in said district, deceased, being presented for Probate, it is ordered by said Court, that all persons concerned therein be notified to appear at a session thereof, to be held at the Probate Office in Bennington, in said district, on the 27th day of February, A. D. 1878, at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have against the probate of said will, for which purpose it is further ordered, that this order be published three weeks successively in the Bennington Advertiser, a newspaper printed at Bennington, in this state, previous to said time of hearing.

A true record. Attest, E. B. BURTON, Judge. A true copy of Record. Attest, E. B. BURTON, Judge. 27-3w

LAURA KENT'S ESTATE. Estate of Vermont, District of Manchester, ss. At a Probate Court held at Manchester within and for said district of Manchester, on the 25th day of January, A. D. 1878.